BOARD QUESTION PAPER: JULY 2015 GEOMETRY

Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 40

Note:

- i. Solve All questions. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- ii. Use of calculator is not allowed.
- iii. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- iv. Marks of constructions should be distinct. They should not be rubbed off.
- v. Diagram is essential for writing the proof of the theorem.

Q.P. SET CODE

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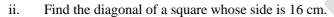
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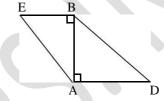
1. Solve any five sub-questions:

i. In the figure drawn alongside,

seg BE \perp seg AB and seg BA \perp seg AD.

If BE = 6 and AD = 9, find
$$\frac{A(\Delta ABE)}{A(\Delta BAD)}$$
.

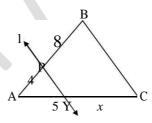




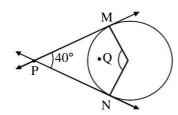
- iii. If two circles with radii 8 and 3 respectively touch internally, then find the distance between their centres.
- iv. If $\cos \theta = \frac{3}{2}$, then find the value of acute angle θ .
- v. If the slope of a line is 2 and y intercept is 5, then write the equation of that line.
- vi. Find the total surface area of a cube with side 9 cm.

2. Solve any four sub-questions:

i. In the given figure, line $l \parallel$ side BC, AP = 4, PB = 8, AY = 5 and YC = x. Find x.



ii. In the figure alongside, Q is the centre of a circle and PM, PN are tangent segments to the circle. If \angle MPN = 40°, find \angle MQN.



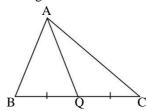
- iii. Draw a tangent at any point R on a circle of radius 3.5 cm and centre P.
- iv. Draw the figure for an angle in standard position. If the intial arm rotates 220° in the clockwise direction, then state the quadrant in which the terminal arm lies.
- v. The radius of the base of a right circular cylinder is 3 cm and its height is 7 cm, find the curved surface area.

vi. A sector of a circle with radius 10 cm has central angle 72°. Find the area of the sector. $(\pi = 3.14)$

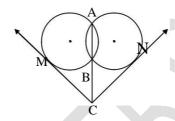
3. Solve any three sub-questions:

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- i. In the given figure,
 - $AB^2 + AC^2 = 122$, BC = 10. Find the length of the median on side BC.



ii. In the figure, two circles intersect each other in points A and B. Seg AB is the chord of both circles. The point C is the exterior point of both the circles on the line AB. From the point C, tangents have been drawn to the circles touching at M and N. Prove that CM = CN.



- iii. Draw the circumcircle of $\triangle PMT$ in which PM = 5.4 cm, $\angle P = 60^{\circ}$, $\angle M = 70^{\circ}$.
- iv. Show that: $\sec^2\theta + \csc^2\theta = \sec^2\theta \cdot \csc^2\theta$.
- v. Find the value of k if (-3, 11), (6, 2) and (k, 4) are collinear points.

4. Solve any two sub-questions:

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- i. Prove that "the opposite angles of a cyclic quadrilateral are supplementary".
- ii. A ship of height 24 m is sighted from a lighthouse. From the top of the lighthouse, the angles of depression to the top of the mast and base of the ship are 30° and 45° respectively. How far is the ship from the lighthouse? $(\sqrt{3} = 1.73)$
- iii. In triangle ABC, the coordinates of vertices A, B and C are (4, 7), (-2, 3) and (0, 1) respectively. Find the equations of the medians passing through the vertices A, B and C.

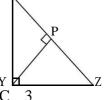
5. Solve any two sub-questions:

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i. In the figure drawn algonside, ΔXYZ is a right triangle, right angled at Y such that YZ = b and $A(\Delta XYZ) = a$.

If $YP \perp XZ$, then show that

$$YP = \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{b^4 + 4a^2}}$$



- ii. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle LMN$. In $\triangle ABC$, AB = 5.1 cm, $\angle B = 55^{\circ}$, $\angle C = 65^{\circ}$ and AC = 3 then construct $\triangle LMN$.
- iii. An ink container of cylindrical shape is filled with ink upto 71%. Ball pen refills of length 12 cm and inner diameter 2 mm are filled upto 84%. If the height and radius of the ink container are 14 cm and 6 cm respectively, find the number of refills that can be filled with this ink.